

The background features abstract, overlapping geometric shapes in various shades of purple, ranging from light lavender to deep, dark purple. These shapes are primarily located on the left and right sides of the frame, creating a modern, layered effect. The central area is a clean, light gray, providing a high-contrast backdrop for the text.

APC English

Verb Phrases

and objects

verb phrases

- part of a sentence
 - contains a verb
 - has an object
 - but not the subject
- S - V - O
 - S - V - O
 - S - V - O
 - S - V - O

verb phrases with a direct object

verb direct object

He kicked the ball

She called her mum

I enjoy reading books

verb phrases with an indirect object

The teacher sent the class homework

I made my mother tea

He bought her sister a bike

subject	verb	indirect object	direct object
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The teacher	sent	the class	homework
-------------	------	-----------	----------

I	made	my mother	tea
---	------	-----------	-----

He	bought	her sister	a bike
----	--------	------------	--------

verb phrases with an indirect object

The teacher **sent** **the class** homework

I **made** **my mother** tea

He **bought** **her sister** a bike

v + whom?

sent it to -> the class

made it for -> my mother

bought it for -> her sister

indirect object

v + what?

sent -> homework

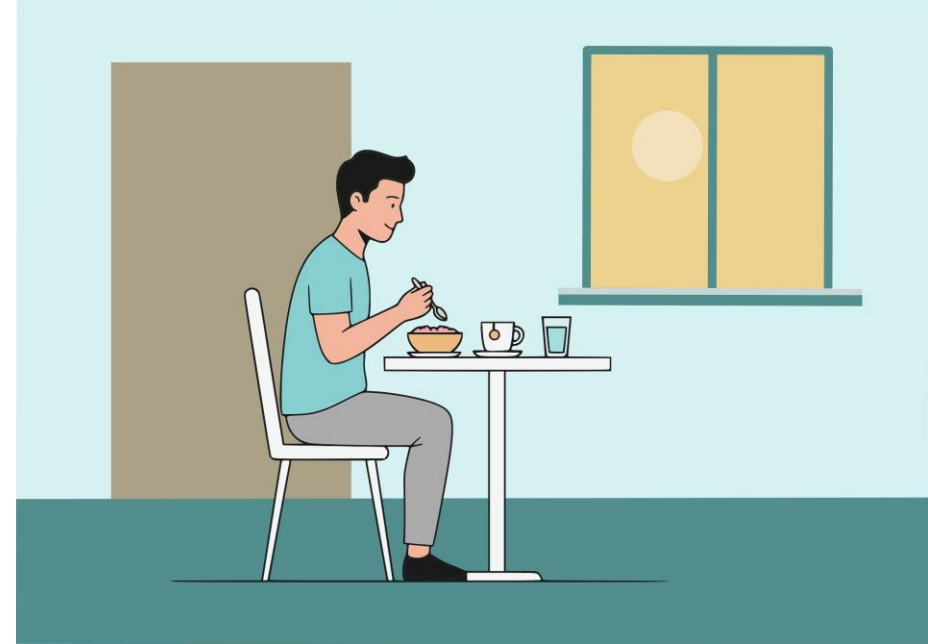
made -> tea

bought -> a bike

direct object

simple -
verb phrase &
direct objects

what is the action?





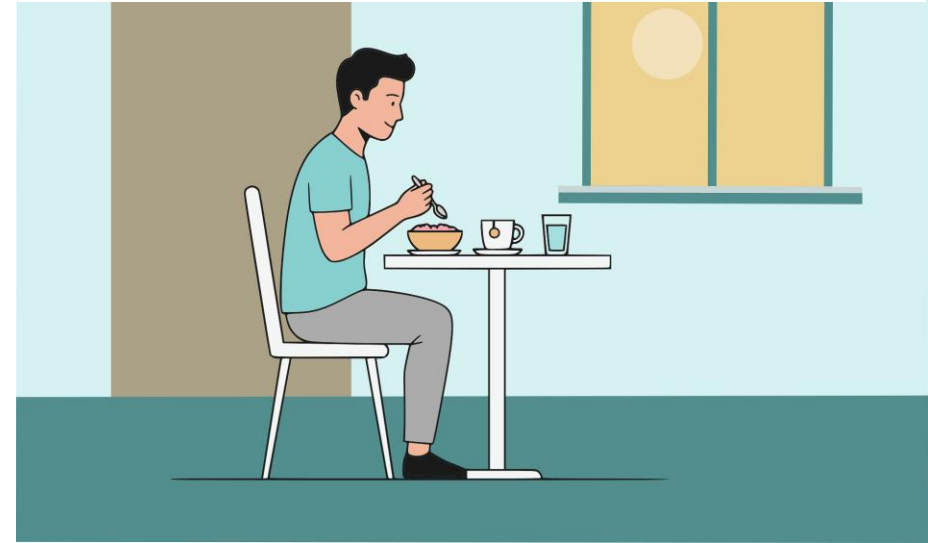
wake up



take a shower



brush your teeth



eat breakfast



comb your hair



drink coffee



go to school

1



verb phrases (with a direct object)

4



2



3



5



6



7



1



verb phrases (with a direct object)

4



2



3



5



6



7



go to work

attend a meeting

take a break

work on computer

eat lunch

drink water

go home

leave school



1

2

verb phrases (with a direct object)



5



3

4



7



6



verb phrases (with a direct object)



do laundry
charge my phone
cook dinner
wash the dishes
feed the dog
watch TV
go to bed

wash clothes
go to sleep





take a taxi



drive a car



cross the road



go upstairs



go on holiday

verb phrases (with a direct object)

wake up

brush your teeth

take a shower

comb your hair

eat breakfast

drink coffee

go to school

go to work

attend a meeting

take a break

work on computer

eat lunch

drink water

go home

do laundry

charge my phone

cook dinner

wash the dishes

feed the dog

watch TV

go to bed

are these correct?

wake up	ตื่นนอน, ตื่นขึ้น	醒来 / 起床
brush your teeth	แปรงฟัน	刷牙
take a shower	อาบน้ำ	洗澡
comb your hair	หวีผม	梳头
eat breakfast	กินอาหารเช้า	吃早餐
drink coffee	ดื่มกาแฟ / ดื่มชา	喝咖啡 / 喝茶
go to school	ไปโรงเรียน	去上学

do laundry	ซักผ้า	洗衣服
charge my phone	ชาร์จโทรศัพท์	给手机充电
cook dinner	ทำอาหารเย็น	做晚饭
wash the dishes	ล้างจาน	洗碗
feed the dog	ให้อาหารสุนัข	喂狗
watch TV	ดูทีวี	看电视
go to bed	เข้านอน	上床睡觉, 睡觉

go to work	ไปทำงาน	去上班
attend a meeting	เข้าร่วมการประชุม, เข้าร่วมประชุม	参加会议
take a break	พักเบรก, พักผ่อน	休息一下, 休息
work on computer	ทำงานกับคอมพิวเตอร์	用电脑工作 / 在电脑上工作
eat lunch	ทานอาหารกลางวัน, กินอาหารกลางวัน	吃午饭, 吃午餐
drink water	ดื่มน้ำ	喝水
go home	กลับบ้าน	回家

listening exercise

Listening Exercise Answer the questions about the text passage

1. What does Maria do first?
A eat breakfast B read the news
C take a shower D go to work
2. What does she drink?
A milk B tea C juice D coffee
3. Why does she eat a small breakfast?
A she wakes up late B she prefers to arrive early
C she does not like food D she is not hungry
4. What does she do after drinking coffee?
A reads the news B goes to work
C sleeps D meets her team
5. She usually goes to work...
A late B early C at night D on weekends

Maria's weekday mornings are busy. She gets up at 6:30 and takes a quick shower.
After that, she drinks a cup of coffee and reads the news on her phone.
She usually eats a small breakfast, because she likes to go to work early.
At work, she meets her team and starts planning the day.

Exercise 3 Answer the questions about the text passage

1. What does Maria do first?
A eat breakfast B read the news
C take a shower D go to work
2. What does she drink?
A milk B tea C juice D coffee
3. Why does she eat a small breakfast?
A she wakes up late B she prefers to arrive early
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4. What does she do after drinking coffee?
A reads the news B goes to work
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5. She usually goes to work...
A late B early C at night D on weekends

transitive & intransitive verbs

transitive & non-transitive verbs

Transitive verbs are verbs that use a direct object

Intransitive verbs are verbs that do **not** use a direct object

transitive verbs

Transitive verbs are verbs that use a direct object

1. She **reads** a book every night.
2. They **built** a sandcastle on the beach.
3. I **bought** a new phone last week.
4. The chef **prepared** a delicious meal for the guests.
5. We **painted** the walls in the living room.

intransitive verbs

the verb action uses an object

She **reads** a book every night.

the verb action is complete without an object

The cat **sleeps** on the windowsill.

sleeps what?

intransitive verbs

Intransitive verbs are verbs that do **not** use a direct object

1. The cat **sleeps** on the windowsill.
2. He **laughed** at the funny joke.
3. The **flowers** bloomed in the garden.
4. The sun **sets** in the west.
5. The children **played** happily in the park.

Exercise #1: Complete each sentence with a word from below
(change the verb form if needed)

laugh, bloom, sleep, play, set

1. The baby _____ peacefully in the cot.
2. The students _____ when they heard the funny joke.
3. Every morning, the sun _____ in the eastern sky.
4. After a long season, the flowers _____ in the garden.
5. We often _____ in the park.
6. The cat _____ on the comfortable chair in the corner.
7. As the comedy show started, the audience couldn't help but _____.

Exercise #1: Complete each sentence with a word from below
(change the form if needed)

laugh, bloom, sleep, play, set

1. The baby **sleeps** peacefully in the cot.
2. The students **laughed** when they heard the funny joke.
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4. After a long season, the flowers **bloomed** in the garden.
5. We often **play** in the park.
6. The cat **sleeps** on the comfortable chair in the corner.
7. As the comedy show started, the audience couldn't help but **laugh**.

speaking exercise

perfect holiday

A: “If I could have a perfect holiday, I would go to the beach. In the morning, I would take photos and walk along the shore.”

B: “That sounds great. I would go to the mountains. In the morning, I would eat local food and enjoy the view.”

A: “What would you do in the afternoon?”

B: “I would visit a temple and buy souvenirs. How about you?”

A: “I would relax at the hotel and swim in the sea.”

B: “What about the evening?”

A: “I would have dinner by the water. And you?”

B: “I would take photos of the sunset.”

perfect holiday - what would you do?

both student discuss what you would do on your perfect holiday

A: “If I could have a perfect holiday, I would

_____ and

_____ and

_____.

B: “If I could have a perfect holiday, I would

_____ and

_____ and

_____.

Exercise #2: Complete each sentence with a modal verb, here are my suggestions:

	can't	can	couldn't	didn't	
should	should	should	shouldn't	shouldn't	couldn't

1. It was very dark last night. I _____ see the man on the road.
2. He's not very strong. He _____ try to lift the box.
3. She's singing in the shower. I _____ hear her.
4. We must be home by ten o'clock. Perhaps we _____ go now.
5. Cigarettes are unhealthy. People _____ smoke them.
6. Your face is dirty. You _____ wash it.
7. That book doesn't belong to him. He _____ take it.
8. Emily's on a diet. She _____ eat that cake.
9. When I was young I _____ cook at all.
10. The speed limit is 50 km/hr in the city. You _____ slow down.

Exercise #3: Read the conversation and choose the helping verbs from the list below to complete each blank.

can can haven't may must have should should

1. A: Hi, I heard you're planning a trip to Paris.
B: Yes, I'm excited! I _____ book the flights yet, but I'm thinking of going next month.
2. A: I can't find my keys anywhere.
B: You _____ left them in the car. I remember you had them when we parked.
3. A: I have an important job interview tomorrow.
B: You _____ wear something professional and be well-prepared. Confidence is key.
4. A: I'm not sure if I _____ make it to the party on time.
B: Don't worry. If you're running late, you _____ always call and let them know.
5. A: The weather forecast says it _____ rain later.

Exercise #5: Read the conversation and choose the helping verbs from the list below to complete each blank.

can can haven't may must have should should

1. A: Hi, I heard you're planning a trip to Paris.
B: Yes, I'm excited! I **haven't** book the flights yet, but I'm thinking of going next month.
2. A: I can't find my keys anywhere.
B: You **must have** left them in the car. I remember you had them when we parked.
3. A: I have an important job interview tomorrow.
B: You **should** wear something professional and be well-prepared. Confidence is key.
4. A: I'm not sure if I **can** make it to the party on time.
B: Don't worry. If you're running late, you **can** always call and let them know.
5. A: The weather forecast says it **may** rain later.



no lessons for 2 weeks
see you Jan 6th