

Course Introduction





Digital Innovation Development for Entrepreneurs

3 (3-0-6)

International College of Digital Innovation (ICDI)

Course Details

COURSE
DETAILS



Dr. Séamus Lyons
Monday, Thursday
11 am to 12.30
ICB 1210

Dr Séamus Lyons

Assistant Professor Computer Science
Qualified English Teacher
Chiang Mai

International College of Digital Innovation



COURSE OBJECTIVES

Students are able to

- explain the concepts of product research & development for digital innovation
- understand and apply good design and digital innovation development principles
- design and evaluate a digital innovative product or service prototype
- work as a team for carrying out a project, as well as be able to present their project effectively in both oral and written forms for entrepreneur

weeks 1 to 8

17th June to 9th August 2024

reading week 13th – 18th Aug

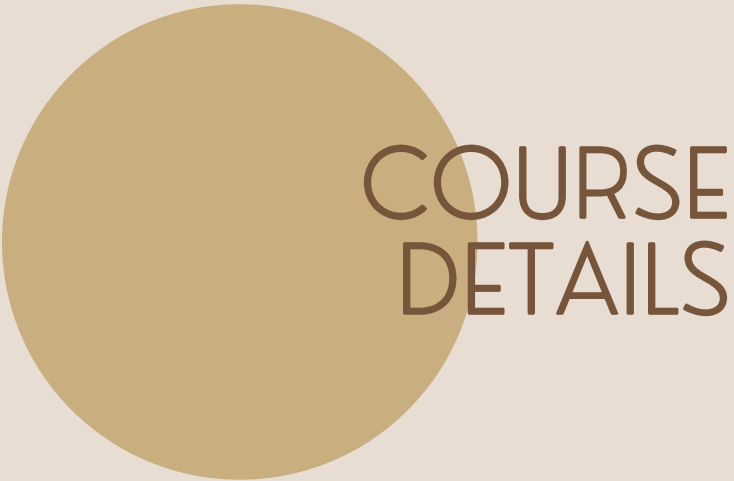
mid-term exams 19th – 25th Aug

weeks 9 to 15

26th August to 11th October 2024

final exams 15th - 27th Oct

course syllabus

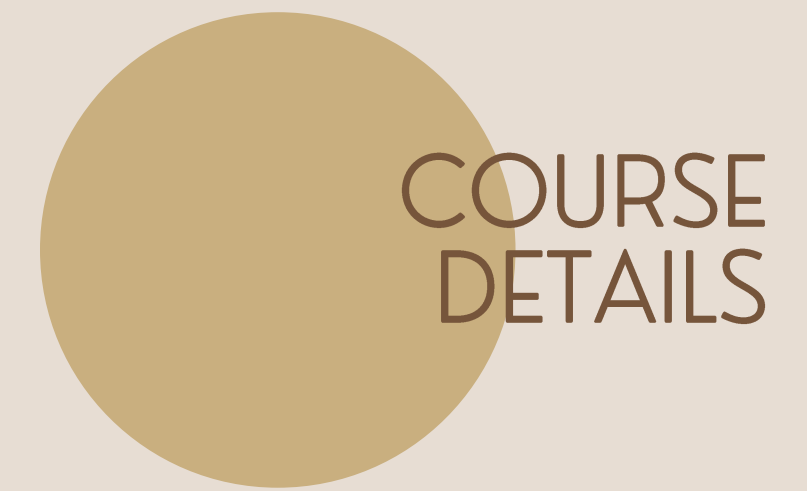


Course Content	Hours
Introduction to digital innovation research & development	6
Digital innovative product research	6
Human cognition for digital innovative design	6
Digital innovative product analysis	6
Web-based digital innovation & design for entrepreneurs	6
Digital innovative product prototyping for entrepreneurs	6
Digital innovative product development for entrepreneurs	4.5
Digital innovative product testing for entrepreneurs	4.5
Total	45



COURSE
DETAILS

M	Th	Monday	Thursday
17-Jun-24	20-Jun-24	Course Introduction	Project - Contextual Design
24-Jun-24	27-Jun-24	Usability & Guidelines	teachers day (am)
1-Jul-24	4-Jul-24	Principles & Theories	Lab 1: Contextual Inquiry for Digital
8-Jul-24	11-Jul-24	Cognition - Perceptions	Lab 2: Contextual Design – modelling I
15-Jul-24	18-Jul-24	Cognition - Limitations	Lab 3: Contextual Design – modelling II
22-Jul-24	25-Jul-24	closed	Lab 4: Contextual Design – modelling III
29-Jul-24	1-Aug-24	closed	Cognition - Memory
5-Aug-24	8-Aug-24	Cognition - Learning	review
12-Aug-24	15-Aug-24	reading week	
19-Aug-24	22-Aug-24	midterm exams	



COURSE
DETAILS

M	Th	Monday	Thursday
26-Aug-24	31-Aug-24	Web usability	Lab 5: Contextual Design – models to design
2-Sep-24	7-Sep-24	Web design & navigation	Lab 6: Contextual Design – affinity diagram
9-Sep-24	14-Sep-24	Web diffusion 1	Lab 7: Contextual Design – storyboarding
16-Sep-24	21-Sep-24	Web diffusion 2	Lab 8: Marketing plan
23-Sep-24	28-Sep-24	Ethics	Lab 9: Design to Prototype to Testing
30-Sep-24	5-Oct-24	UX - Multi-device design	review
7-Oct-24	12-Oct-24	Demonstrations	Demonstrations
14-Oct-24	19-Oct-24	final exams	
21-Oct-24	26-Oct-24	final exams	

course marks



COURSE
DETAILS

- 10% class participation
- 40% project assignment
- 25% midterm exam
- 25% final exam

project



Project

- | | | | |
|----|--------------------|---------|---------|
| 1. | Draft Proposal | | week 2 |
| 2. | Proposal & Inquiry | stage 1 | week 4 |
| 3. | Design - modelling | stage 2 | week 8 |
| 4. | Design - prototype | stage 3 | week 13 |
| 5. | Demonstrations | | week 14 |

Deliverables & Deadlines



COURSE
DETAILS

- *Draft Proposal* week 2
- Proposal week 4
 - includes contextual inquiry
- Progress Report week 8
 - includes models
- Final Report week 14
 - includes design/testing
- Presentations week 15

where can you access materials?



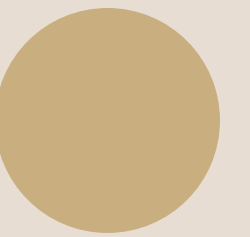
COURSE
DETAILS

Teams will stop soon, still can use for messages
Mango are you using this yet?

all materials, course & project details, lessons

<https://www.alps.academy/digital-interaction-design-development/>

Design Good or Bad?





Digital Innovation Development for Entrepreneurs

What is Development?

DEVELOPMENT



development in innovation (888111 & 888147)

DEVELOPMENT

1. discovery – you already have your idea ✖

2. development

3. diffusion – we will do a little diffusion (seo/marketing)

4. impact – N/A ✖

design in project management

DEVELOPMENT

1. planning



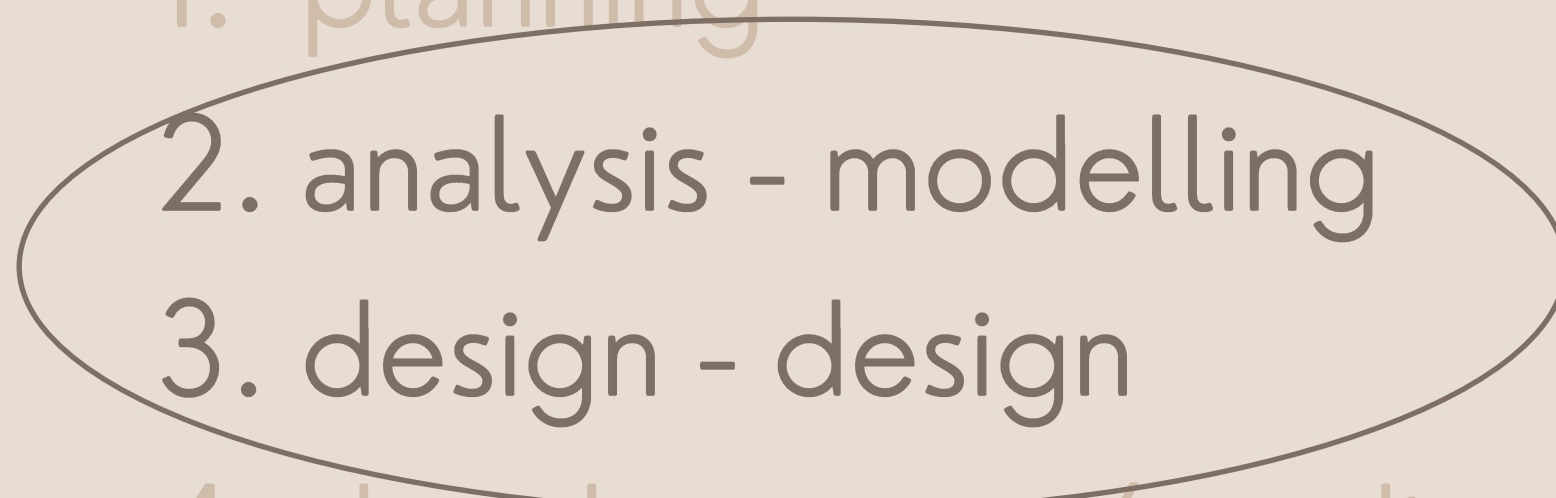
2. analysis - modelling

3. design - design

4. development / coding / implementation



5. maintenance



development in contextual design



DEVELOPMENT

- inquiry = research & analysis
- modelling = analysis
- design = design

followed by diffusion

project

and design ?



DEVELOPMENT

- not graphical design
- logical & digital design
 - why does this digital ... work well
 - why does this interface work, is easy to use, is useful
- design
 - interface
 - interaction
 - we focus on design from the 'user interaction'

Design Good or Bad?



Interfaces & Interaction

INTERFACES
INTERACTION





LEARNING OBJECTIVES

To know the range of paradigms from digital interaction of human and computers

To be familiar with the development of interface design

Changing World

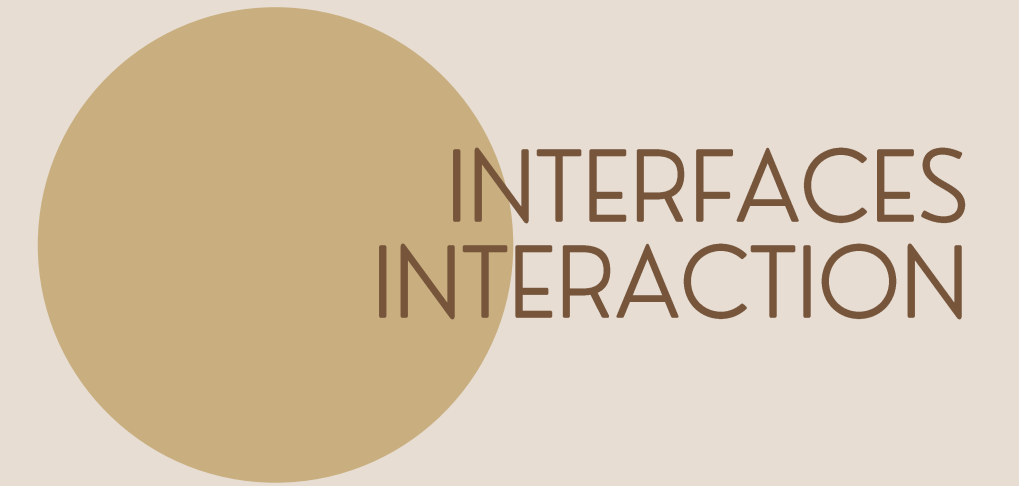


science & technology
IT, computers & communications
interfaces
'emerging' technologies – phones – really!

focus on functionality
7 +/- 2 short-term memory
phone screen too small

25-50 years ago
12-14 years ago
5-7 years ago

Changing World



Changed

technology
knowledge about our brain
user-centred
names / job titles

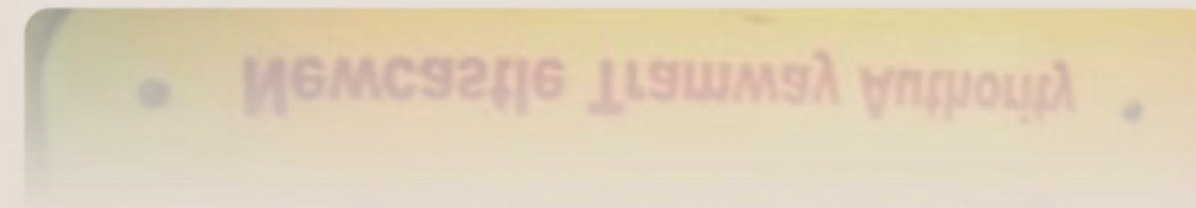
basis of the coursework project
IA, UX ..., etc.

Same

pen & paper
early design

yes, really!
models, prototyping

Design Good or Bad?



Types of Digital Interfaces

DIGITAL
INTERFACES



Types of Interactive Models

HCI

Human-to-Computer Interaction

how users engage with computational devices.
focuses on graphical user interfaces (GUIs), where visual elements guide the interaction

DIGITAL
INTERFACES

HHI

Human-to-Human Interaction

how technology mediates human interaction
social media platforms,
collaboration tools



DIGITAL INTERFACES

Multi-Modal Interaction

multiple methods of interaction
voice, touch, gesture, and more
phones, Virtual Reality (VR)

Types of Interactive Models



Conversational Interaction

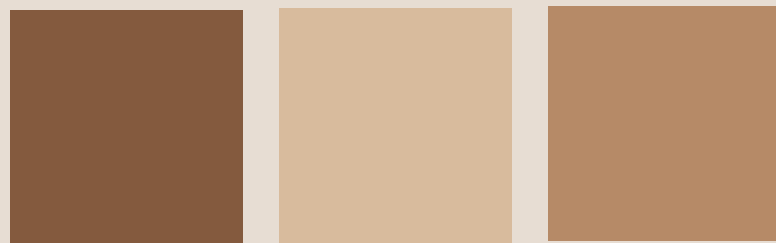
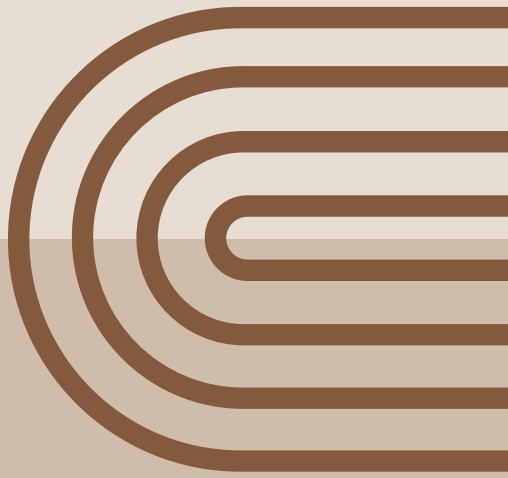
interactions through natural
language
voice assistants and chat bots

Human Computer Interaction

"a discipline concerned with the study, design, construction and implementation of human-centric interactive computer systems"

*Webopedia,
<http://www.webopedia.com/TERM/H/HCI.html>
Dec 14*

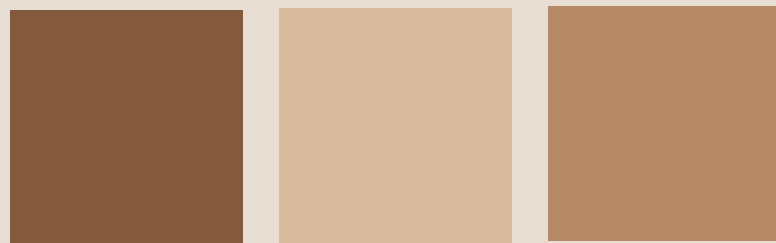
DIGITAL
INTERFACES



Digital Interaction

DIGITAL
INTERFACES

- Humans interact with computers through a user interface
- developing effective interfaces
- incorporating usability and user experience goals for effective user interaction
- emerging technologies

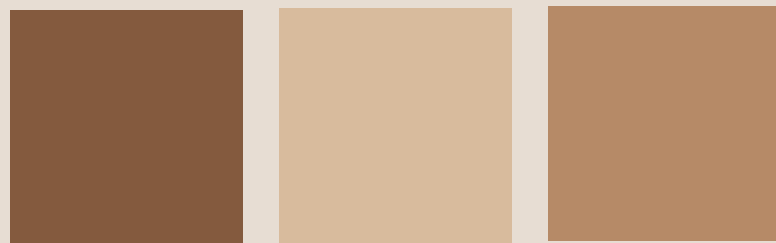
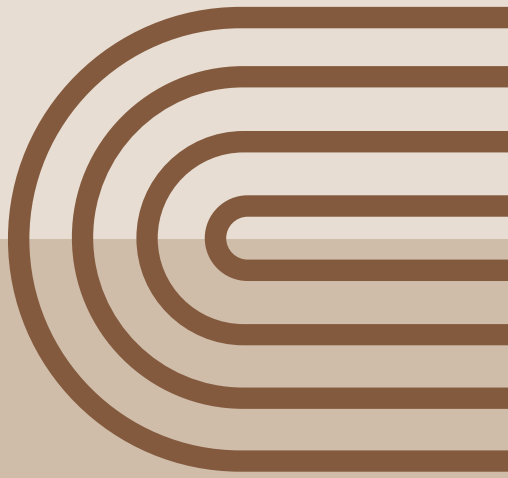


Digital Interaction

DIGITAL
INTERFACES

- Desktop applications used in offices
- Billions of users access web
- Billions of users access mobile devices

Digital interaction is a design science
It applies the methods of experimental
psychology



User Interfaces

DIGITAL
INTERFACES

- Help business success
- Help access to information and entertainment
- Involved in important systems
 - National defense
 - Health
 - Crime
 - 9/11 - the US congress blamed the User Interface (UI) for failing to detect the terrorists



Digital interaction design

Better

Doctors' diagnosis is more accurate

Pilots fly more safely

Children learn more effectively

Enable users with disabilities

Artists have more creative possibilities



Digital interaction design

Poorer

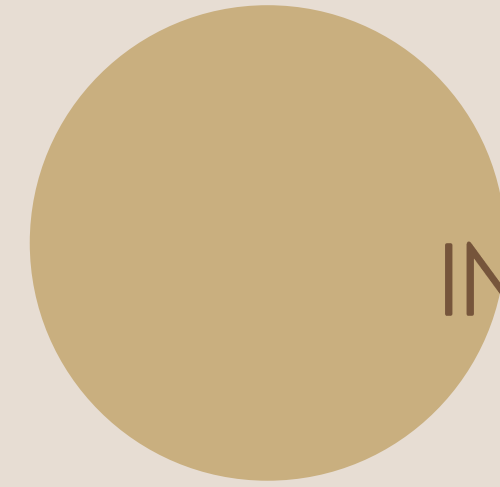
Frustration

Fear

Failure

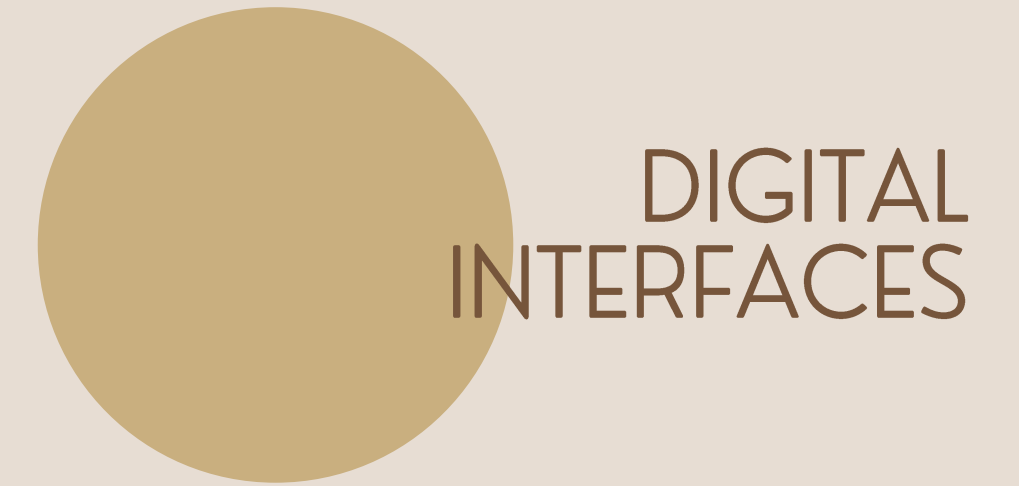
Complexity

Confusion



DIGITAL
INTERFACES

Digital interaction



In business

- Document sharing, decision support, video conferencing

Home

- phones, PC, TV, games

Life

- ATM, payment

Change

- Desktop (less)
- Mobile device (more)

Is there a link between economic growth and phone use?

Human-to-Human interaction

pre-AI

Social networks

User-generated content

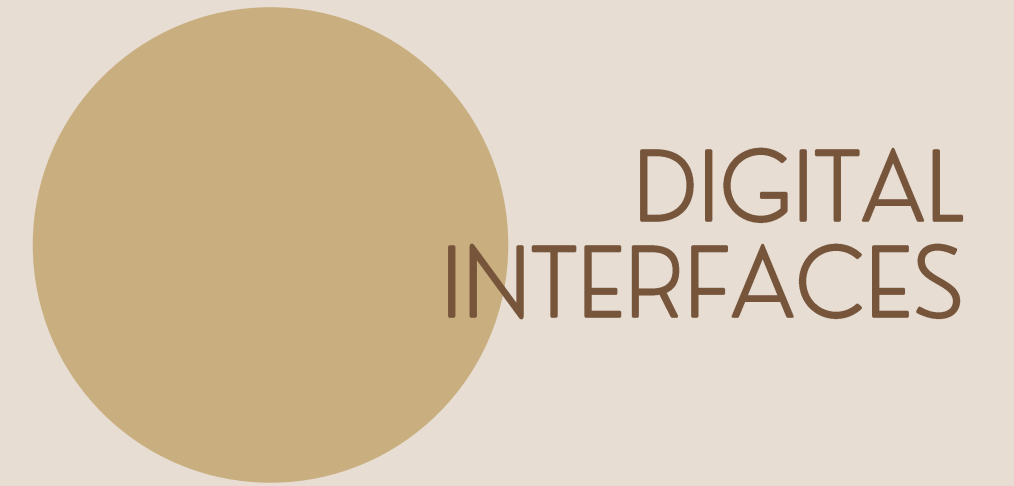
- YouTube
- Wikipedia

Design size

- Larger e.g. wall
- Smaller e.g. phone

Multiple languages

Accessibility



Multi-Modal interaction

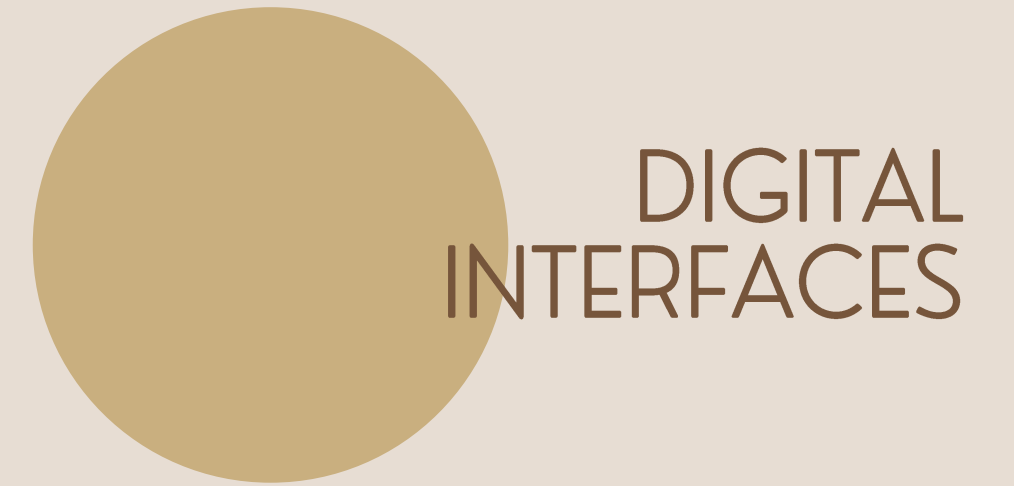
pre-AI

Wearable technology

Tracking sensors

Gesture interfaces

User behavior / emotional state



Conversational interaction



natural language and speech

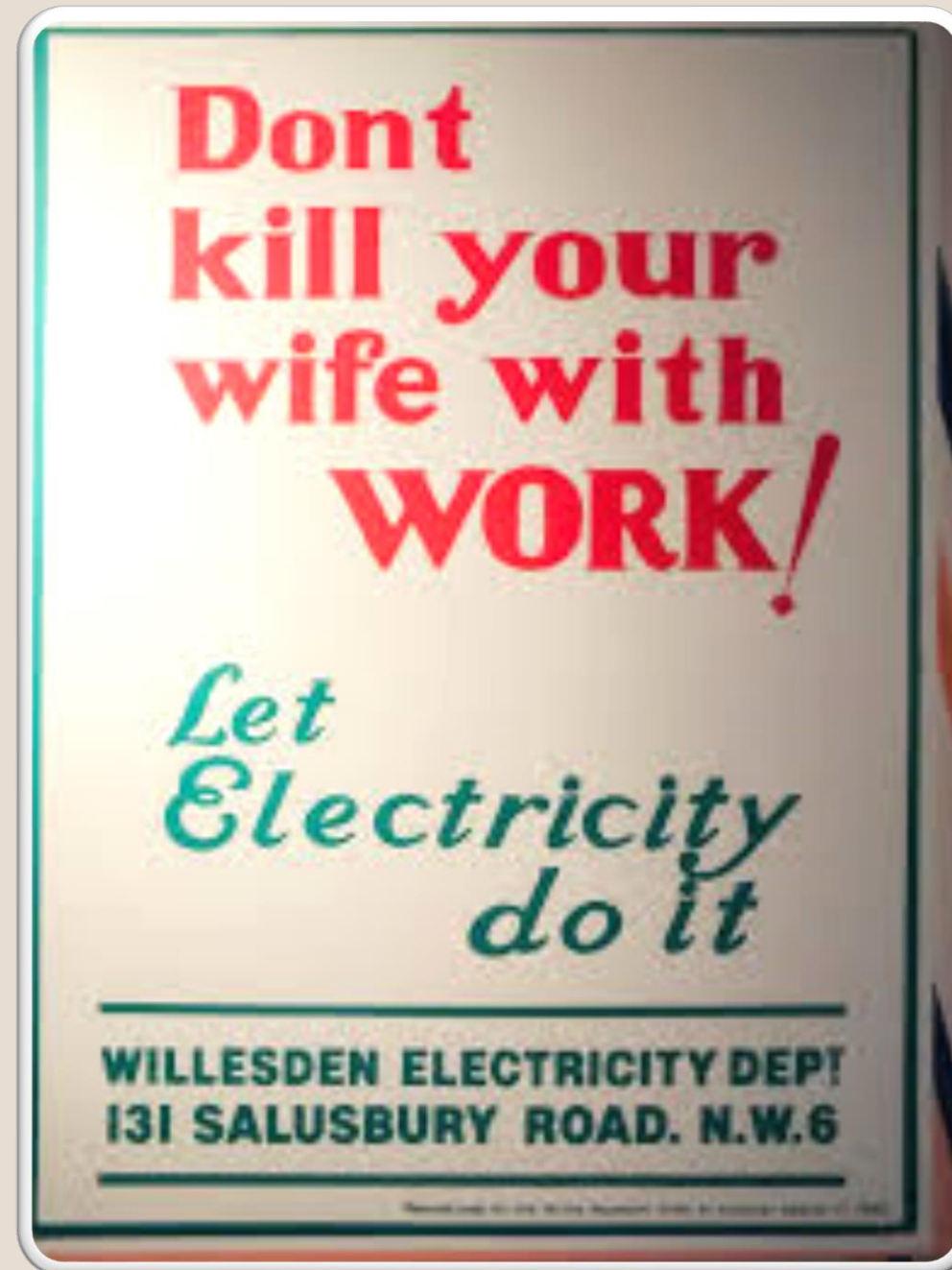
Siri, Alexa, Cortana

online customer services

robots, TVs, cars

'smart devices' to 'AI' devices

Design Good or Bad?



History of Digital Interfaces

INTERFACES
HISTORY

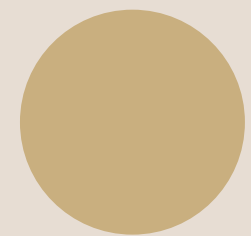
New computing technologies arrive, creating a new perception of the digital interface.

We can trace some of these shifts in the history of interactive technologies.

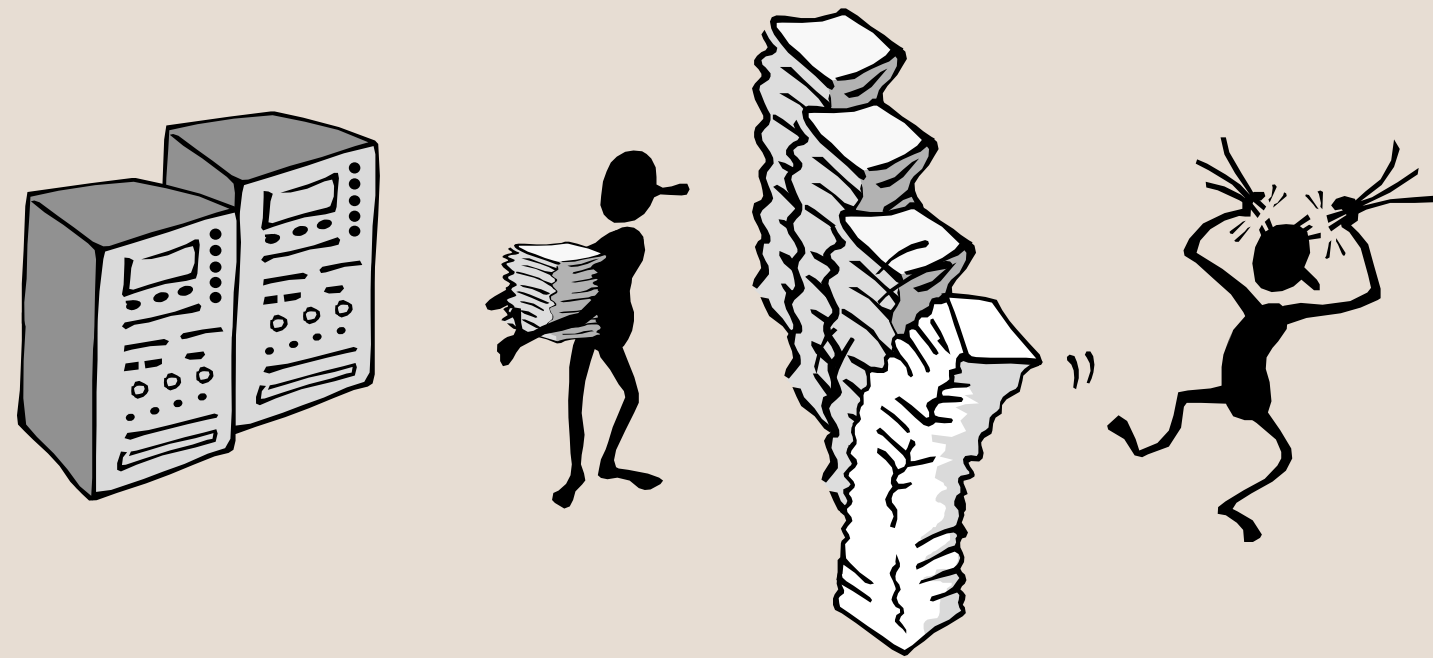


The initial paradigm

INTERFACES
HISTORY



Batch processing

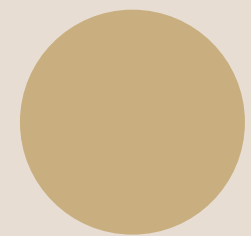


Impersonal computing

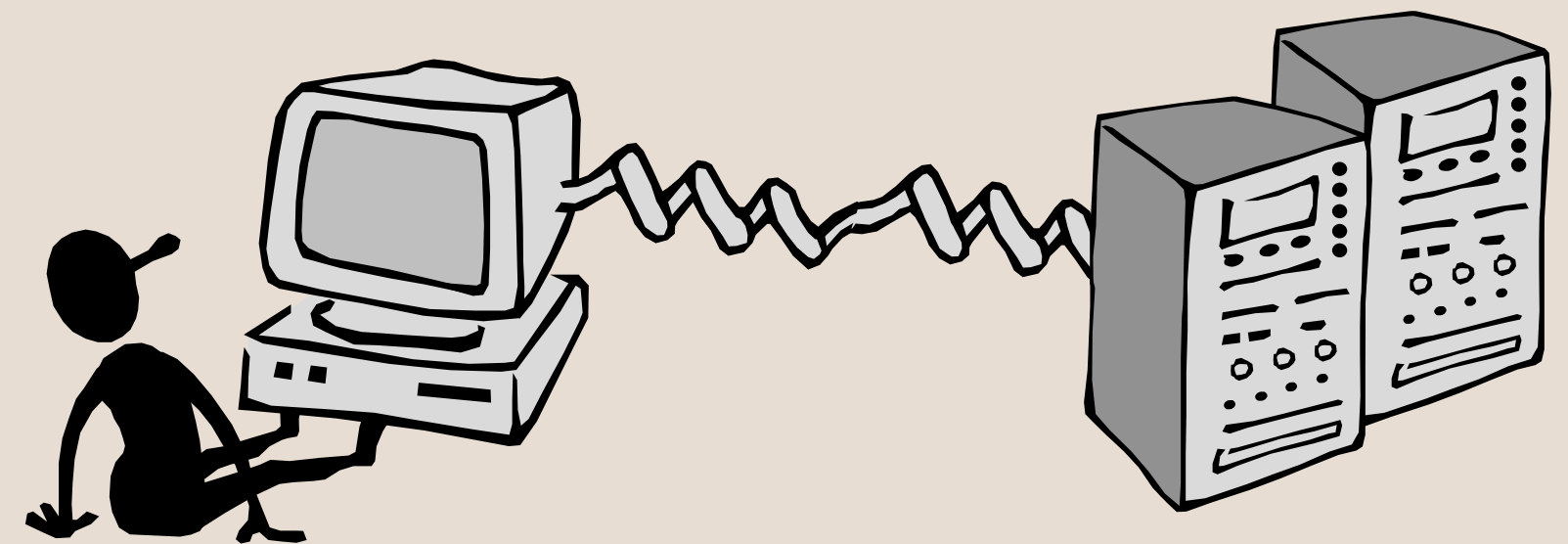


paradigm shifts

INTERFACES
HISTORY



Time-sharing
sharing of resources



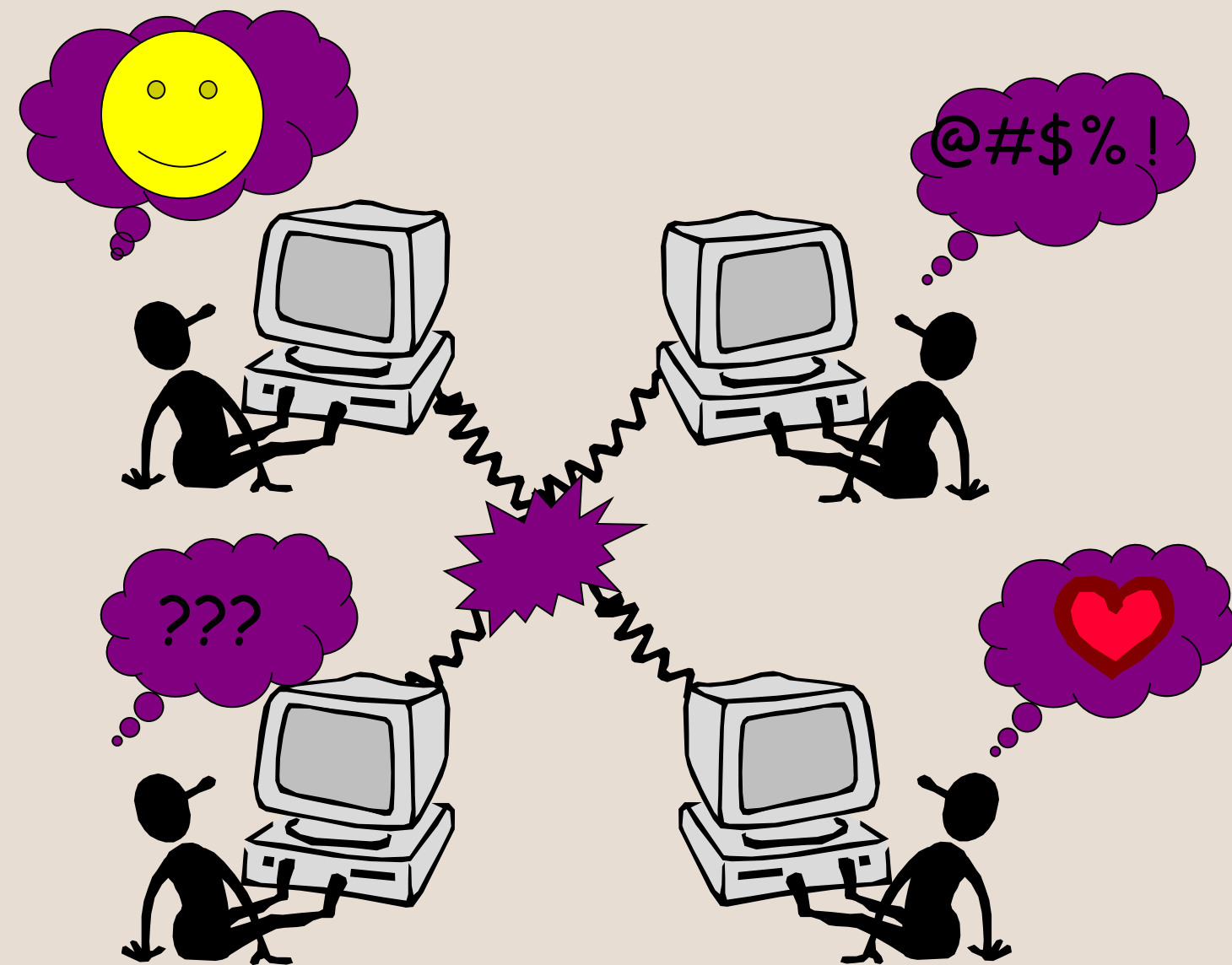
Interactive computing



paradigm shifts

INTERFACES
HISTORY

Networking



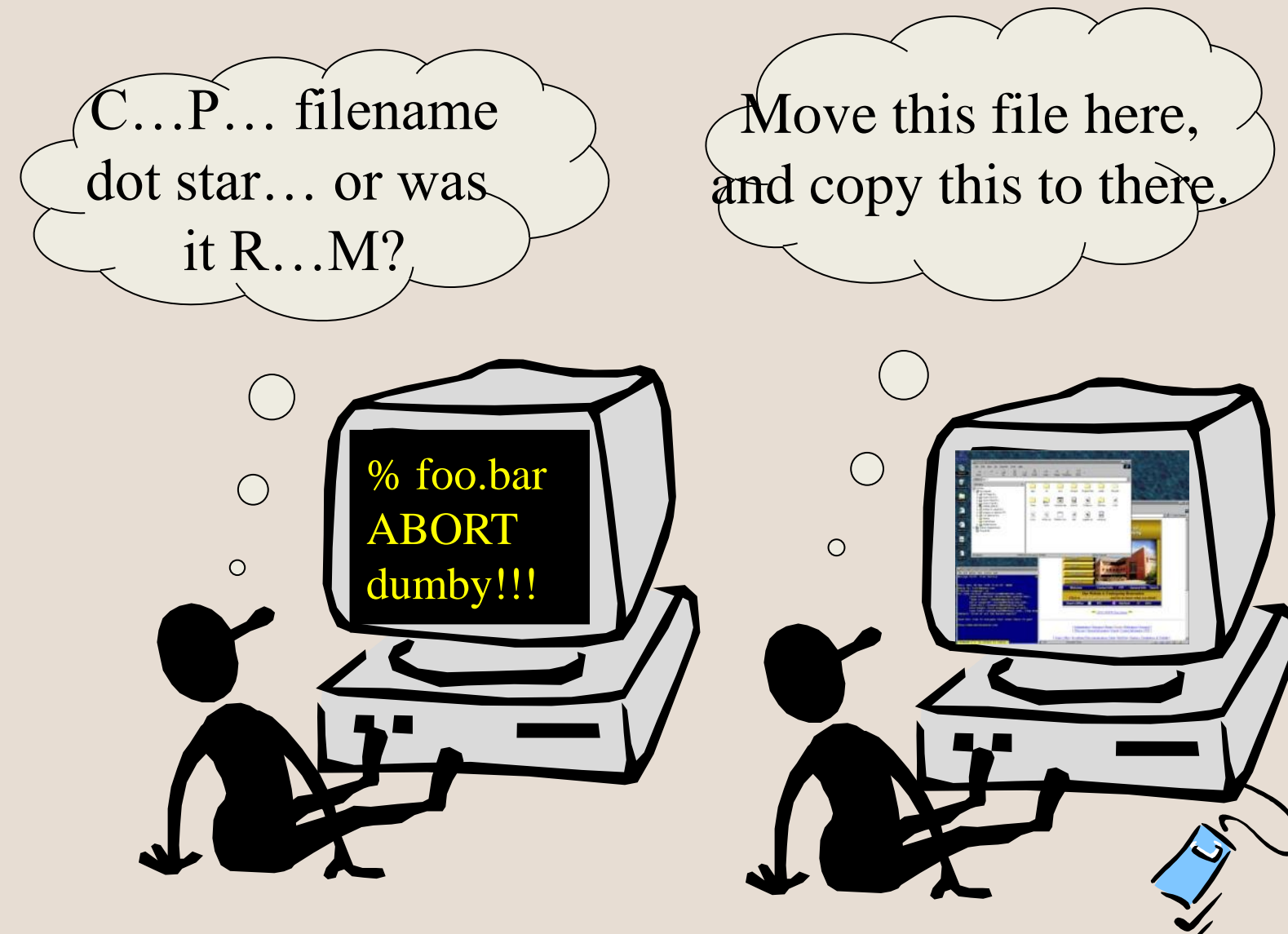
Community computing



paradigm shifts

INTERFACES
HISTORY

Graphical Displays



Direct manipulation

paradigm shifts

INTERFACES
HISTORY



Microprocessor



Personal computing

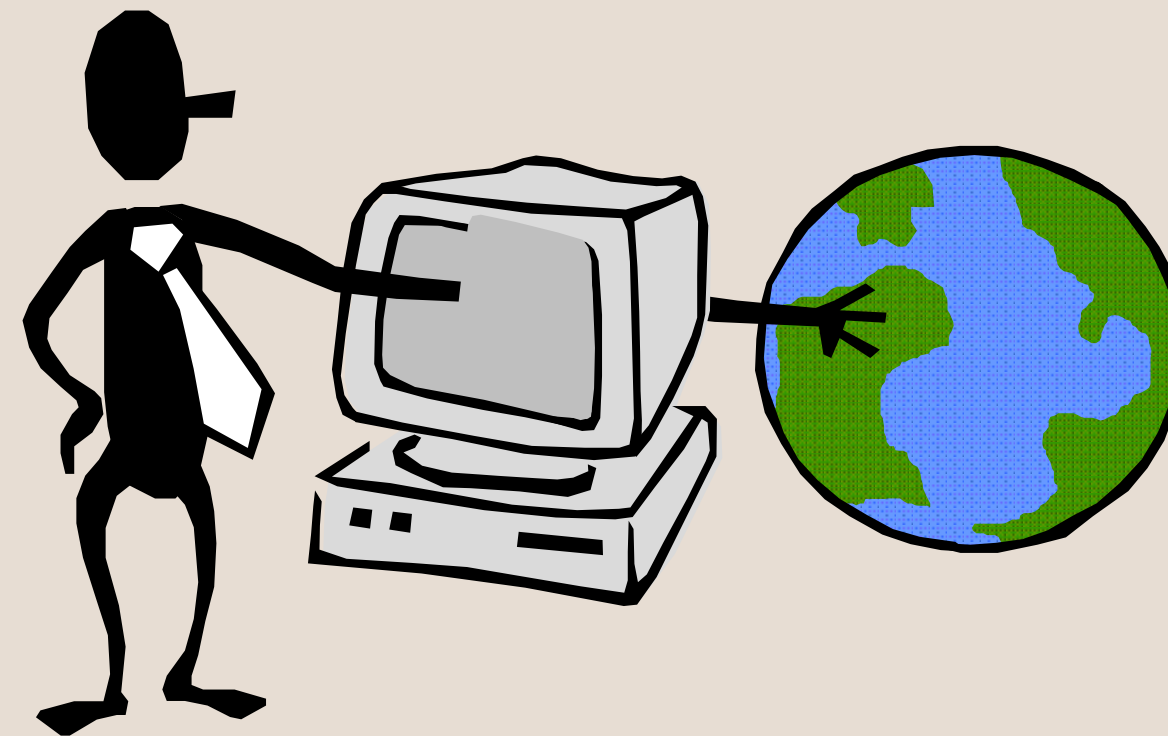


paradigm shifts

INTERFACES
HISTORY



World Wide Web



Global information



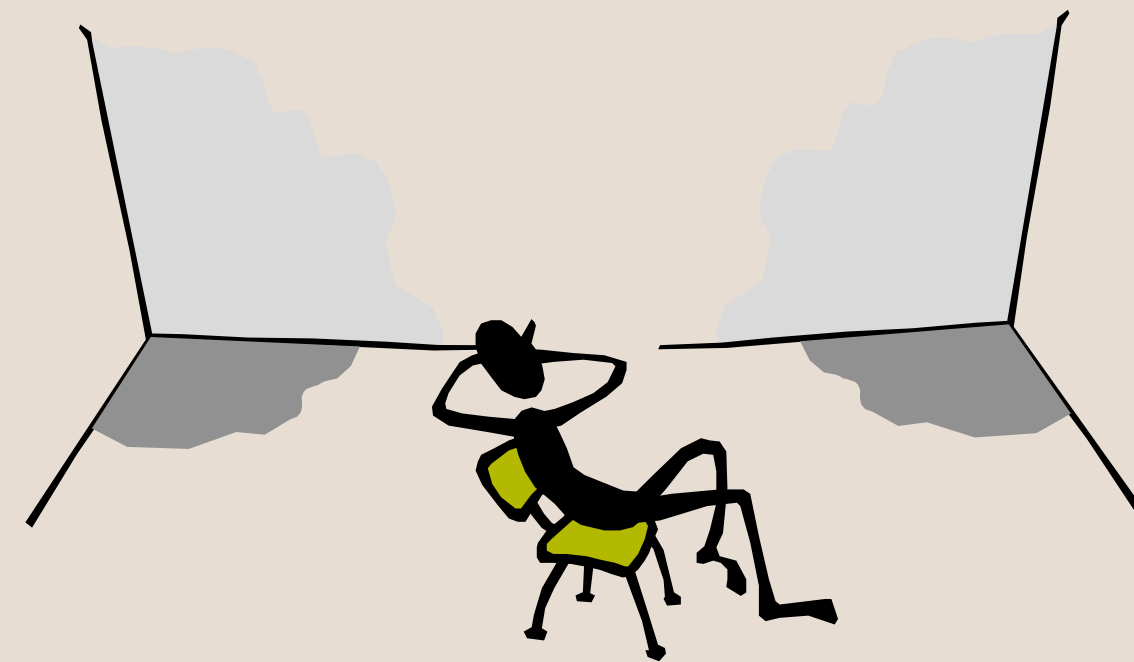
paradigm shifts

INTERFACES
HISTORY

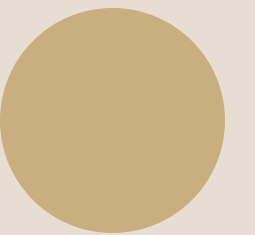


Ubiquitous computing

A symbiosis of physical and
electronic worlds in service of
everyday activities.

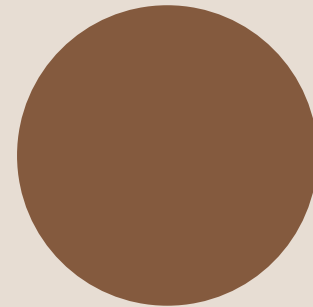


Design Good or Bad?



Time-sharing

INTERFACES HISTORY



1940s and 1950s – explosive technological growth

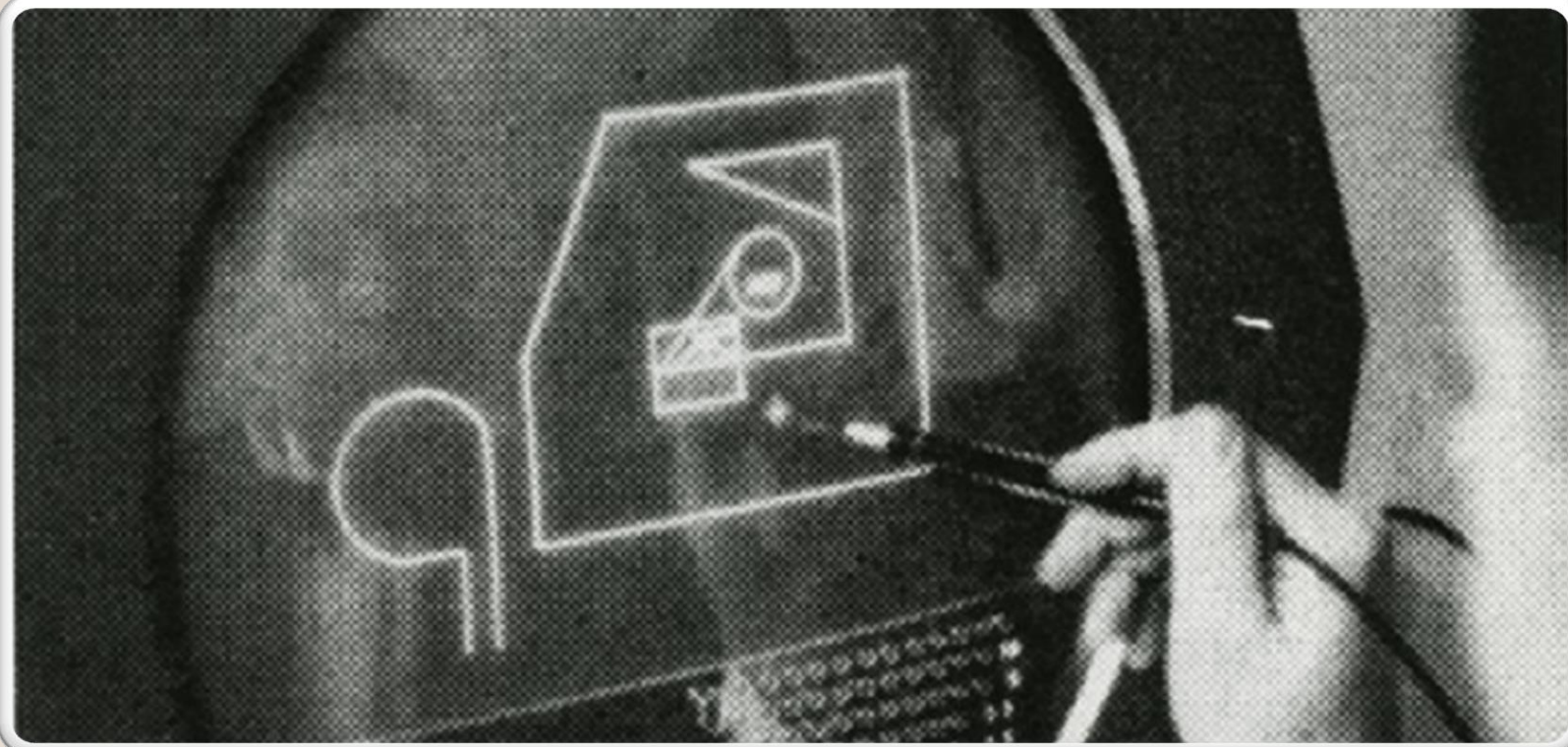
1960s – need to channel the power

J.C.R. Licklider at ARPA (thoughts on interactive computing / interface)

single computer supporting multiple users

Video display units

INTERFACES
HISTORY



more suitable medium than paper

1962 – Sutherland's Sketchpad

computers for visualizing and manipulating data

one person's contribution could drastically change the history of computing

Programming toolkits

INTERFACES
HISTORY



Engelbart at Stanford Research Institute

Founder of HCI? (mouse, GUI)

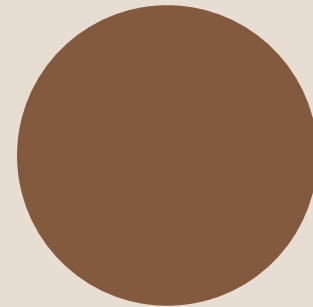
1963 – augmenting man's intellect

1968 NLS/Augment system demonstration

the right programming toolkit provides building blocks to producing complex interactive systems

Personal computing

INTERFACES
HISTORY



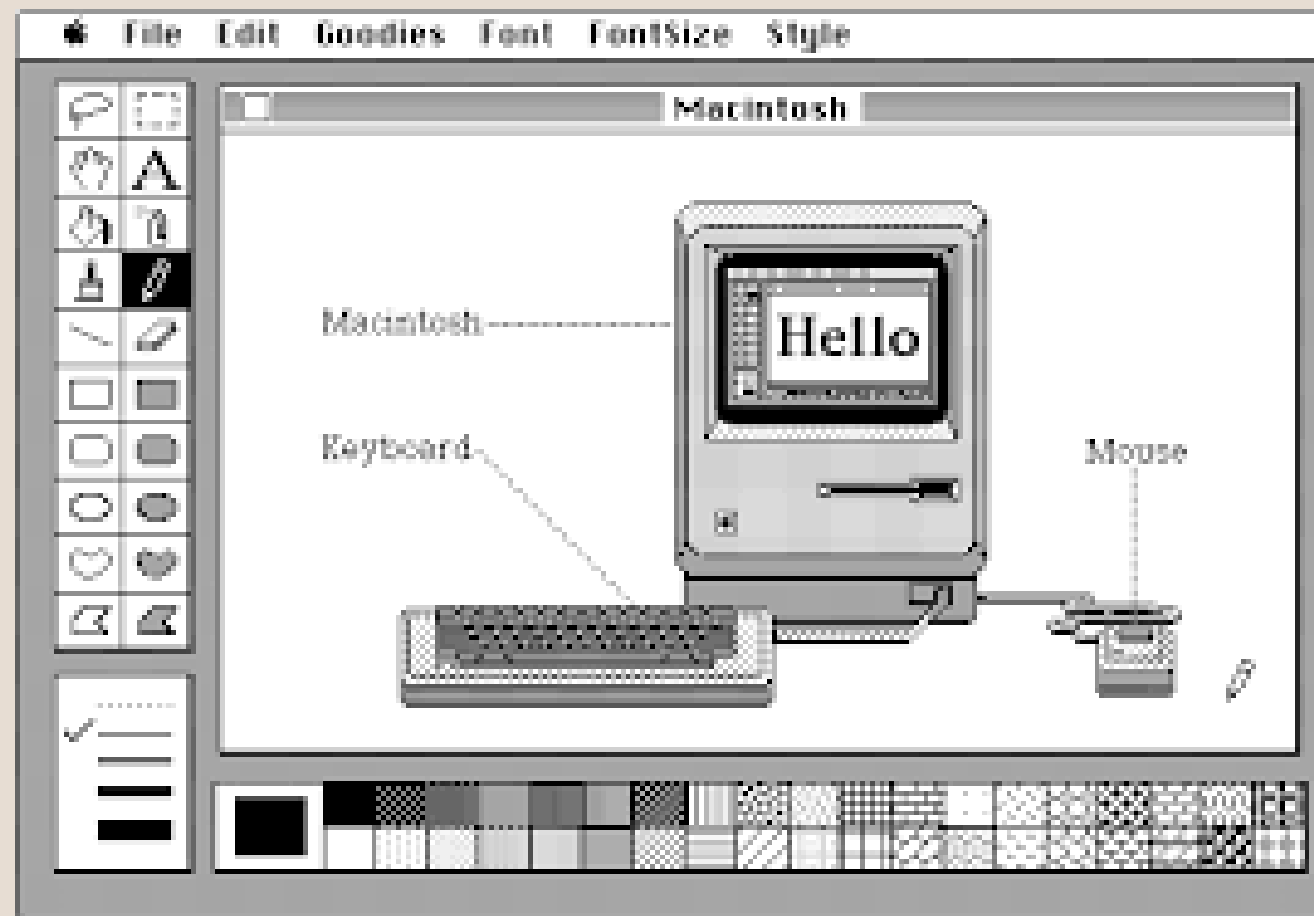
1970s – Papert's LOGO language for simple graphics programming by children

A system is more powerful as it becomes easier to use
Future of computing in small, powerful machines dedicated to the individual

Kay at Xerox PARC – the Dynabook as the ultimate personal computer

Windows – WIMP

INTERFACES HISTORY



Windows, Icons, Menus and Pointers
humans can pursue more than one task at a time
windows used for dialogue partitioning, to "change the topic"
1981 – Xerox Star first commercial windowing system
windows, icons, menus and pointers now familiar interaction mechanisms

Metaphor

INTERFACES HISTORY

Evolution of the Windows Recycle Bin



Windows 98



Windows XP



Windows 7



Windows 8



Windows 10

relating computing to other real-world activity is effective
teaching technique

LOGO's turtle dragging its tail
file management on an office desktop
Trash bin / dustbin

Problems
some tasks do not fit into a given metaphor
cultural bias

Direct Manipulation

INTERFACES
HISTORY



**Users *don't* love
great user interfaces.**

**They *hate* poorly
designed ones!**

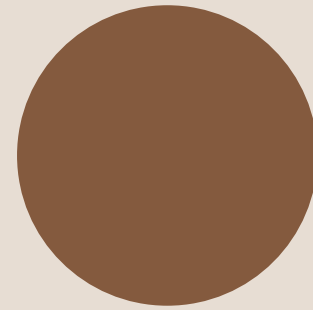
Shneiderman 1982

describes appeal of graphically-based interaction

- visibility of objects
- incremental action and rapid feedback
- reversibility encourages exploration
- syntactic correctness of all actions
- replace language with action

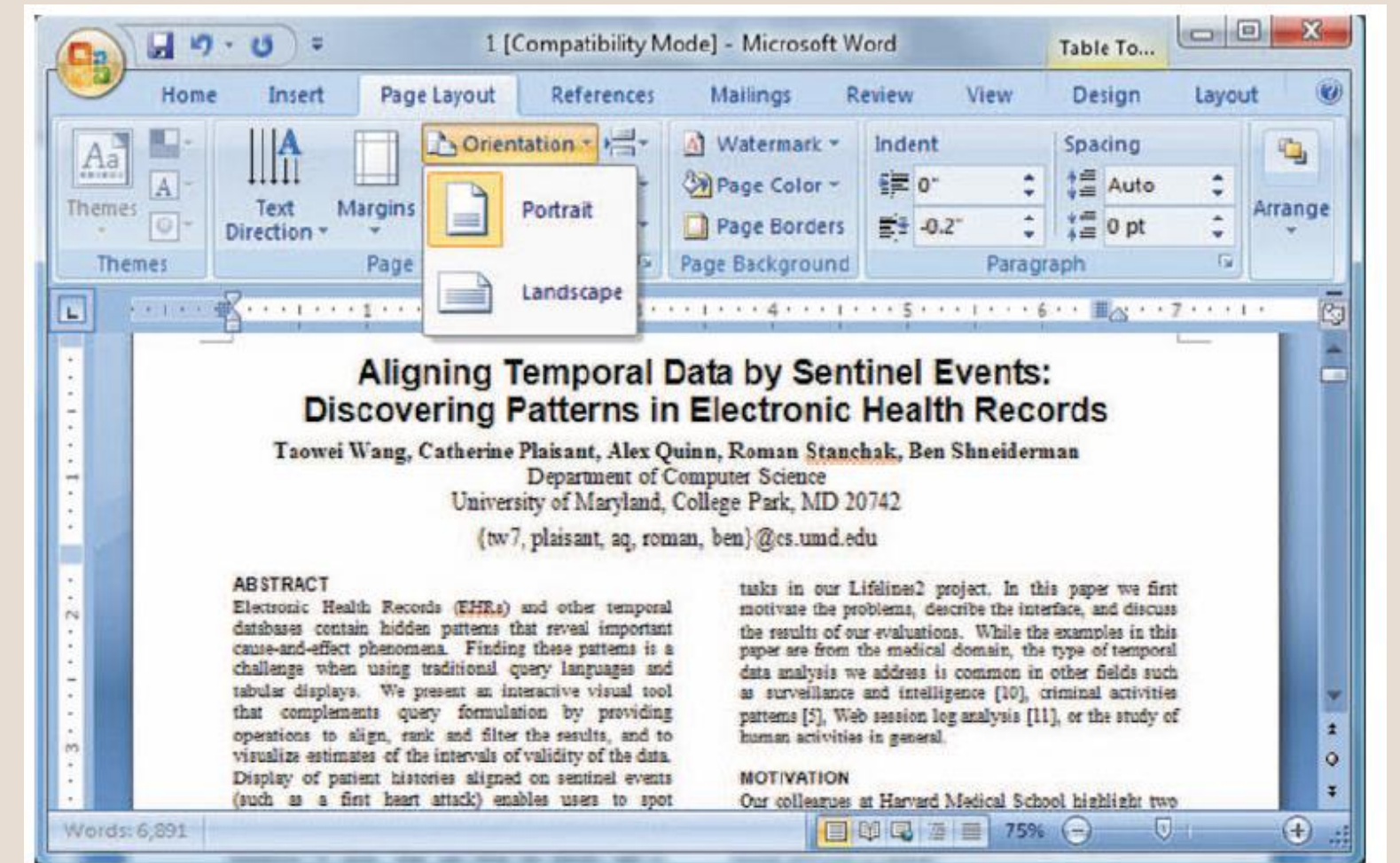
Direct Manipulation

INTERFACES HISTORY



WYSIWYG

what you see is what you get
1984 – Apple Macintosh
the model-world metaphor

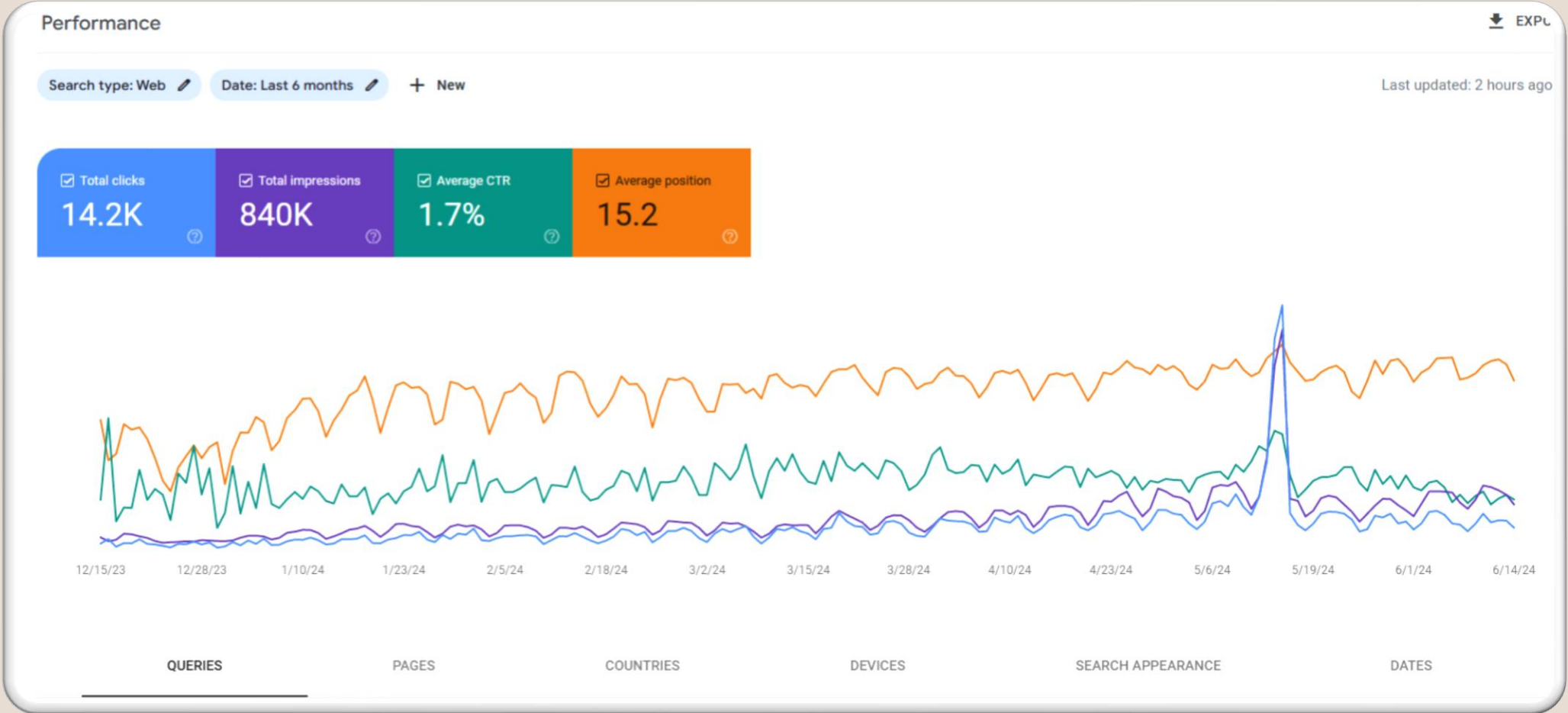


difference between notepad and Word

Direct Manipulation

INTERFACES
HISTORY

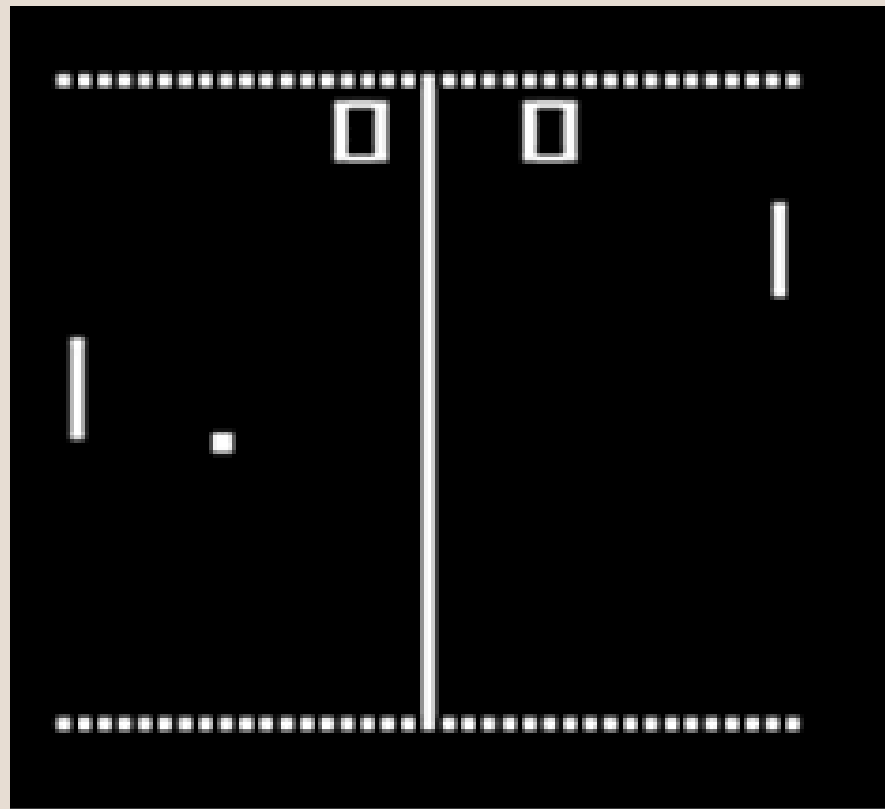
DASHBOARDS



Direct Manipulation

INTERFACES
HISTORY

GAMES



Direct Manipulation

INTERFACES
HISTORY

GAMES



Direct Manipulation

INTERFACES
HISTORY

GAMES



INTERFACES HISTORY

History or Future?

```
root@jayesh-VirtualBox:~# ls -l
total 16
-rw-r--r-- 1 root root  46 Apr 14 16:37 example
drwxr-xr-x 2 root root 4096 Apr 18 12:52 prac
drwx----- 5 root root 4096 Apr 12 12:31 snap
drwxr-xr-x 2 root root 4096 Apr 14 16:27 test
root@jayesh-VirtualBox:~#
```

```
C:\Users\Jon>sfc /scannow

You must be an administrator running a console session in order to
use the sfc utility.

C:\Users\Jon>
```



CONCLUSION

Digital interaction is an ever-changing, evolving area of design science.
Billions of users access digital, web and mobile devices
It applies the methods of experimental psychology to the digital world

References

- Benyon D. (2010) *Designing Interactive systems*, 2nd Edition, Addison Welsey, Harlow
- Dix A., Finlay J., Abowd G. Beale R. (2004) *Human-Computer Interaction*, 3rd Edition, Prentice-Hall, Inc., Upper Saddle River, NJ, USA.
- Johnson J. (2010) *Designing with the Mind in Mind: Simple Guide to Understanding User Interface Design Rules*. Morgan Kaufmann, San Francisco
- Shneiderman B. and Plaisant C. (2010) *Designing the User Interface Strategies for effective Human-Computer Interaction*, 5th Edition, Pearson, Boston
- Webopedia (2014) *HCI*. [online] Available from:
<http://www.webopedia.com/TERM/H/HCI.html> [Accessed: 3rd Dec 2014].

Recommended Reading

- Shneiderman B. and Plaisant C. (2010) *Designing the User Interface Strategies for effective Human-Computer Interaction*, 5th Edition, Pearson, Boston (Course)
- Benyon D. (2010) *Designing Interactive systems*, 2nd Edition, Addison Welsey, Harlow (Contextual Design, PACT)
- Johnson J. (2010) *Designing with the Mind in Mind: Simple Guide to Understanding User Interface Design Rules*. Morgan Kaufmann, San Francisco (Human Cognition)
- Dix A., Finlay J., Abowd G. Beale R. (2004) *Human-Computer Interaction*, 3rd Edition, Prentice-Hall, Inc., Upper Saddle River, NJ, USA. (HCI)
- Krug S. (2006) *Don't make me think: A Common Sense Approach to Web Usability*, 2nd Edition, New Riders, Berkeley, California, USA (Web design)

Thank You!



any questions?

